

#75

May / June 2009

U.S. \$5.95 / Canada \$6.95

ATLANTIS RISING

Ancient Mysteries • Unexplained Anomalies • Future Science

New Washington and the ET Issue

MICHAEL SALLA

Will Incoming Officials
Change UFO Secrecy Rules?

In Search of the Mythical Jesus

ROBERT M. SCHOCH

Looking at Christianity's Roots:
Historical Facts or Mysteries?

The Lost Queen of the Sahara

STEVEN SORA

On the Quest the Desert
Could Not Thwart

Probing Giza Under the Ground

PHILIP COPPENS

Could We Be Getting Close
to the Hall of Records?

ANCIENT EGYPTIANS IN THE GRAND CANYON?

DAVID H. CHILDRESS
Investigates a
Century-Old
Newspaper Account



7 25274 88964 8

ATLANTIS RISING ONLINE ADVANTAGE

Download Current and Past Issues Exclusively at
www.theUFOstore.com

SAVE UP TO 50% OFF NEWSSTAND PRICE

DOWNLOAD
THE CURRENT PDF ISSUE
2 WEEKS EARLY
AND SAVE 50%
JUST \$2⁹⁵

ATLANTIS RISING IN
.PDF FORMATTED
DOWNLOADS

DOWNLOAD
PAST PDF ISSUES
JUST \$2⁹⁵

SUBSCRIBE
6 - PDF ISSUES (ONE YEAR)
AND SAVE 40%
JUST \$14⁹⁵

SUBSCRIBE
12 - PDF ISSUES (TWO YEARS)
AND SAVE 40%
JUST \$24⁹⁵



Download Current and Past Issues Exclusively at
www.theUFOstore.com

ATLANTIS RISING®

CONTENTS

#75

May / June 2009

**ANCIENT
MYSTERIES**
FUTURE SCIENCE
**UNEXPLAINED
ANOMALIES**

PUBLISHER & EDITOR
J. Douglas Kenyon

CONTRIBUTORS

Amy Acheson
Vincent Bridges
Teresa Burns
David H. Childress
Philip Coppens
Michael Cremo
Walter Cruttenden
Joseph Robert Jochmans
Frank Joseph
Julie Loar
Jeane Manning
Marsha Oaks
Michael Salla
Robert M. Schoch
Steven Sora
Carly Svamvour

COVER ART
Randy Haragan

GRAPHICS
Ryan Hammer
Randy Haragan
Denis Ouellette

ATLANTIS RISING®

(ISSN #1541-5031)
published bi-monthly
(6 times a year)
by Atlantis Rising, LLC
521 S. 8th St., Ste. A
P.O. Box 441
Livingston, MT 59047

**Copyright 2009
ATLANTIS RISING**

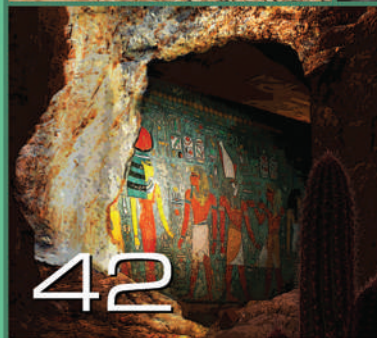
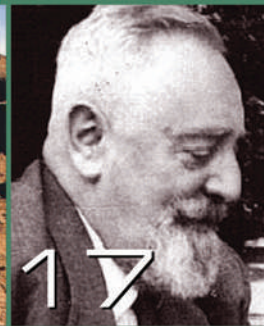
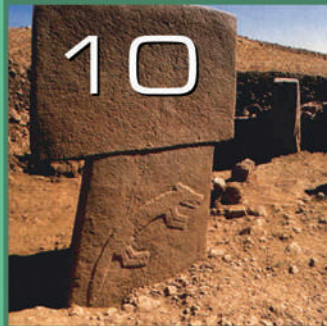
No part of this publication
may be reproduced without
written permission from the
publisher.

Periodicals Postage Paid
at Livingston, MT and
at additional post offices.
USPS Number: 024-631

U.S. Subscription price
is \$24.95 (6 issues)

POSTMASTER:

Send Address Changes to
Atlantis Rising
PO Box 441
Livingston, MT 59047



7 Letters

10 Early Rays

**17 Report from
the Front**
New Appreciation
for Viktor
Schauberger

**18 The Forbidden
Archaeologist**

**23 Washington &
the ET Issue**
Will the New
Administration End
UFO Secrecy?

**24 Ancient Keys to
the Future**
Learning from the
Human Seasons

**29 India's Magical
Pillar**

**32 The Mythical
Jesus**
Is Christianity
Based on Historical
Fact, or Mystery?

**34 Shakespeare
and Dr. Dee**
Where Did the
Bard's Occult
Themes Come
From?

**38 Taking Aim at
the Big Bang**

**40 The Search for
the Queen of
the Sahara**

**42 Ancient
Egyptians in
the Grand
Canyon?**

On the Trail of a
Century-Old
Newspaper
Account?

**45 Giza Under
the Ground**

There's Something
There, but Is It the
Hall of Records?

**46 Where Atlantis
Meets Lemuria**

48 Astrology
50 Video & DVD
57 Puzzle

Order BOOKS, DVDs & MORE: See Our Catalog on Page 74

PROOF OF
ANTEDILUVIAN
CIVILIZATION?

Is Göbekli
Tepe the
Smoking Gun?

One of Göbekli
Tepe's many
giant T-shaped
obelisks

The ongoing attempt by academic archaeology to reconcile the growing gaps in its prevailing theory of history could be becoming something of a bridge too far. At the moment, dramatic discoveries at an out-of-the-way Turkish dig near Urfa a few miles north of the Syrian border, known as Göbekli Tepe, are readily acknowledged to be a "challenge to conventional history," but that characterization could well prove to be a major understatement.

Carbon dated at twelve-thousand years old, Göbekli Tepe offers incontrovertible evidence of advanced human activity at a time when our ancestors are said to have been still at the hunter-gatherer stage—thousands of years earlier than we have been told was possible. Profusely and skillfully decorated with carvings of animals and abstract pictograms are numerous T-Shaped limestone monoliths, some almost 10 feet tall and weighing as much as 25 tons, still standing about the vast and sophisticated site on Roman-like terrazzo floors.

First discovered in 1964, the significance of Göbekli Tepe was not recognized until 1994 when German archaeologist Klaus Schmidt began to excavate. To this point, we are told, the investigation of the massive site has barely begun and that doubtless many amazing discoveries remain. Already, though, it is possible to see strains in the mainstream theoretical fabric, which may help to account for the relatively modest publicity thus far accorded the discoveries. Schmidt still insists that the site, which he believes was the world's first temple, was built by hunter-gathers though he acknowledges that the construction would have required the systematic effort of at least hundreds of workers over a span of years. Orthodoxy just does not entertain the notion that civilization or even agrarian societies could have existed that far back in time, so, there is no alternative, the construction must have been by hunter-gatherers. If so, though, Göbekli Tepe falls outside any definition of hunter-gatherer currently extant.

In the mid 1990s when maverick Egyptologist John Anthony West and Boston University Geologist Dr. Robert Schoch announced that water weathering proved the Great Sphinx of Egypt was thousands of years older than traditionally believed, they were greeted with howls of outrage from the Egyptological establishment. And despite evidence widely accepted by professional geologists, the establishment archaeologists have continued to deny the possibility of the Sphinx's greater antiquity. "Where," they ask, "is the context?" In other words, what civilization was up and running during that time and could have done it? Where are the artifacts? In the years since, West and Schoch have labored mightily to show that there is, indeed, plenty of evidence in Egypt itself for such ancient advancement. Other possibly corroborating material has also been turned up at underwater sites around the world. In Göbekli Tepe, though, could be the kind of smoking gun evidence for antediluvian (pre-flood or pre- end of the ice age) civilization that many alternative theorists have believed was there and which the establishment has persistently and emphatically denied.

Schoch has long mentioned the site in his presentations on Sphinx dating. "Göbekli Tepe is from the same period, or even earlier, than what we have at Giza," he told *Atlantis Rising*, "Plus, it is incredibly sophisticated. I do not understand why it has not gotten more publicity. Perhaps because it is so anomalous and just does not fit the conventional paradigm. It sure seems to support what some of us have been arguing for decades."

Interestingly, one of the important discoveries at Göbekli Tepe is the carved figure of a half-human/half-lion creature—in other words, a sphinx.

Could this have been the original inspiration for Egypt's Great Sphinx? Or, perhaps more importantly, what was the earlier source of the figure at Göbekli Tepe? So far, we have no answers, but maybe soon that will change. ■

STONEHENGE
RESEMBLING
FORMATIONS
FOUND IN THE
AMERICAS

Stonehenge in North America? At least two professors are claiming that they have found what could be such a thing. One is pointing to the fields of Alberta in Canada and the other is looking beneath the waters of Lake Michigan.

In Alberta, Gordon Freeman, a retired professor from the University of Alberta, has written a book called *Canada's Stonehenge* in which he argues that "Genius existed on the prairies 5,000 years ago." On a series of low hills overlooking the Bow River about 50 miles east of Calgary, he has investigated a large pattern of boulders for their astronomical alignments. His discovery is that the central cairn is surrounded by 28 radiating stone lines, four of which align with the cardinal points of the compass. Freeman has been able to show that, among other things, the site marks the equinoxes and precisely measures the lunar cycle.



Sonar Image
beneath Lake
Michigan

Meanwhile at the department of underwater archaeology at Northwestern Michigan University College, professor Mark Holley, using side scan sonar, has discovered a series of standing stones on the floor of Lake Michigan, 40 feet below the surface, with some arranged in a circle. One appears to show carvings of a mastodon. The spot would have been below the surface for about 10,000 years.

Like Nabta Playa in Africa, such discoveries appear to be part of a pattern of increasing recognition of ancient alignments and the emergence of long-lost knowledge from times generally believed to be entirely primitive. Some see it as a sign of a modern reawakening. ■



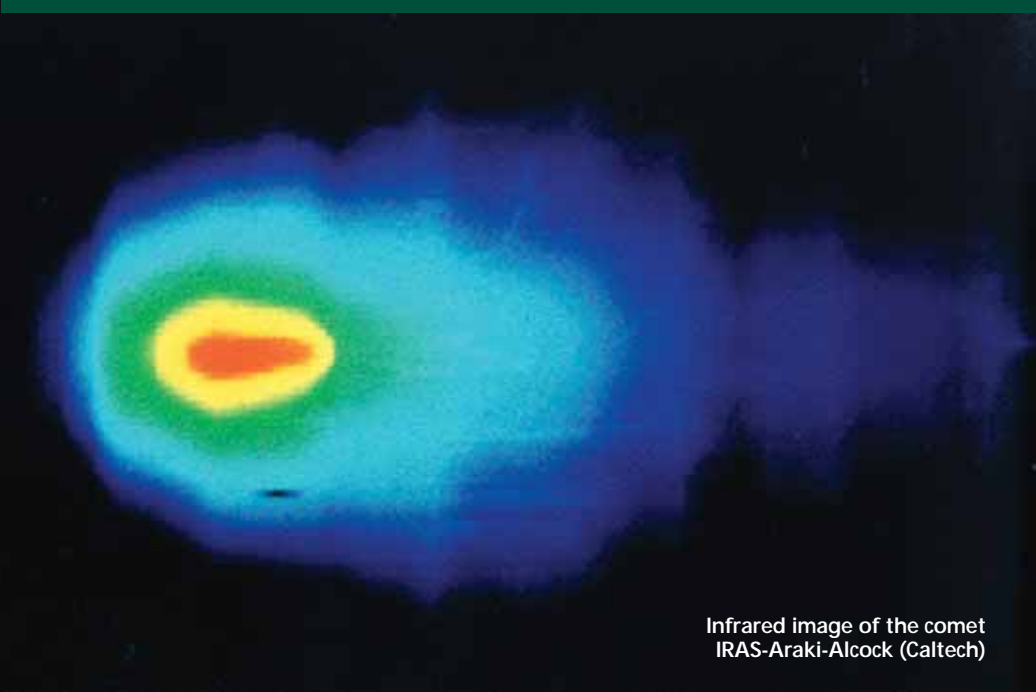
Intelligent Alien Worlds Galore

The odds that you may have an alien neighbor some day are greater than you may have thought, and we don't mean from Uzbekistan. According to scientists at the University of Edinburgh, nearly 40,000 planets in the Milky Way could support alien life at least as intelligent as we are.

The researchers created a program which organized all the data we have on approximately 330 known planets and calculated the percentage that might have conditions suitable for life. Taken into account were such things as the availability of water

and minerals. Once that was determined, an extrapolation was made for the galaxy. The result: up to 37,964 life-supporting worlds. According to astrophysicist Duncan Forgan, this is not about one-celled organisms to be studied through a microscope but about species on the human level.

Forgan thinks we are still about 300 to 400 years away from contact, a view which will come as something of a surprise to those who believe ETs have been, not only visiting this planet regularly, but participating in our politics for years. ■



Infrared image of the comet IRAS-Araki-Alcock (Caltech)

Dark Comet Threat Warning

Just when we thought we knew about the comet threat from space, it turns out that most of it may be invisible. According to a February report from NewScientist.com the big threat to Earth may come from 'Dark' comets, virtually unseen and undetected by us.

Of the 3000 comets which have entered the solar system, the whereabouts of only about 25 are known. Astronomers Bill Napier in the U.K. and David Asher in Northern Ireland say they think that is because when the

ice and gases have burned away, the underlying crust reflects only a fraction of the light and that makes them hard to see.

When the comet IRAS-Araki-Alcock passed Earth in 1983 at only 3 million miles—the closest in 200 years—it was detected only two weeks before it passed because most of its gases were gone and the surface was extremely dark.

Scientists with the international space umbrella project known as Spaceguard have mixed views on the danger. ■

See Our Great 8-page Catalog Beginning on Page 74

Don't Miss Out on the Adventure...

Subscribe to ATLANTIS RISING today!

Share it with a friend...Get a 2nd subscription FREE!*

6 Issues (one year)
only **\$24.95**
30% OFF Newsstand price!

12 Issues (two years)
only **\$40.00**
43% OFF Newsstand price!

And **We Pay** Postage!**

Call 800-228-8381



* **WHEN YOU BUY ONE SUBSCRIPTION (EITHER 6 OR 12 ISSUES) WE'LL SEND YOUR FRIEND A SECOND SUBSCRIPTION FREE! MUST BE AT LEAST 100 MILES AWAY.**

** **SEE MAILING POLICIES FOR FIRST CLASS AND FOREIGN POSTAGE RATES.**

New Appreciation for Viktor Schaubberger's Legacy

BY
JEANE
MANNING

Viktor Schaubberger is on my mind this week. Why thoughts of a long-deceased forester/inventor from faraway Austria?

There are several reasons.

- This month's New Energy Movement Canada event—the tenth in their series of speakers in Vancouver (www.newenergy.movement.ca)—was titled "Schaubberger's Legacy."

- I received a new DVD from Austria on the same topic.

- And we're seeing the partial breakdown of an industrialized society that chose the "breakdown" type of technologies. Schaubberger predicted such societal disorder if twentieth century technological developments continued to go in the explosion-based direction (exploding the atom and burning fuel). However, he also pointed the way toward technologies that can help regenerate our world instead of destroy it.

To put it briefly, today our society *and* ecosystems need to be regenerated; but if Schaubberger's warnings had been heeded, it would be a different world scene today. People who do everything in harmony with nature are more likely to be in harmony with themselves and each other.

Schaubberger's understanding of regenerative implosion-based technologies versus today's explosion-based energy technology is more complex than that brief statement, but we have to start somewhere in drawing attention to his wisdom. A good start would be to encourage purchase of the new DVD produced for the Pythagoras-Kepler School (PKS) in Bad Ischl, Austria. You can find it in the *Atlantis Rising* catalog. There are also excellent books on Schaubberger by the Australian architect Callum Coats and by Alick Bartholomew in Britain. *Breakthrough Power*, co-authored by Joel Garbon and me, has a chapter titled "Living Energy" on Schaubberger's story and his concepts (www.breakthroughpower.net).

Viktor's grandson Jorge Schaubberger is shown in the new DVD, retracing his grandfather's footsteps.

Viktor Schaubberger was born in 1885. For generations before him, the Schaubergers were a family of foresters with a keen eye on the environment. For instance, they noticed what happens in a babbling mountain stream when trees and bushes on its banks naturally keep it cooled to four degrees Celsius. Such water is at its most "potent"—able to carry weight such as logs or sediment—in full moonlight. And night or



Viktor Schaubberger

day the water in a natural stream whirls and draws in air every time it runs into a protruding rock or polished stone.

Viktor was particularly observant of the breathing and spiraling of water. He recognized a basic form of movement in nature and aimed to imitate that inward-spinning movement in technical devices. His goal was to reproduce environmentally-friendly energy conversion. For example, he developed revolutionary propulsion units whereby airplanes wouldn't be pushed forward by exploding fuel but instead would be drawn forward by suction created by vortex-based technologies. This alternative to a propeller for propulsion would make a "biological vacuum" in front of airplanes into which they are sucked—just as the trout in a natural wild river is sucked upstream and over a waterfall through an invisible vortex in the stream.

As a young man Schaubberger was responsible for a huge forest in a remote mountainous district. This gave him a front row seat for observing nature's processes in a pristine interconnected ecosystem. For years he hiked through hills that were then untouched by human interference, and what he saw there shaped his later life's work. For instance, watching the trout in mountain brooks taught him that the fish not only swim with a downhill stream, they deal with water that can flow in opposite directions at the same time. He also understood the big picture, such as the full water cycle between atmosphere and the ground, and the role of the forests.

The "simple forester" turned against the tide of academic doctrine and astonished

scholars who considered themselves at the pinnacle of expertise concerning water and hydraulic engineering. His first feat was to show how an unusual flume could carry logs down a mountainside and to a stream on its way to the Danube River. His logging flumes meandered downhill to the valley in a way that imitated a wriggling snake, and they included regular injections of cold water so the logs would ride high and not get hung up on corners. Further structures along the way swirled the water within the chute. When he regulated the forward-moving vortex of the water and its temperature in a certain way, his inventions created an anomaly—the water starts to pull and no longer relies on being pushed. This happened in his spiral pipes as well as his logging flume, and is a key concept in his energy generators.

Throughout his life, the strong-minded naturalist counseled his family to free their minds from the limits of what's explained in books, and instead "think in the opposite direction." He told his son Walter that in order for it to turn out right, technology should be 180 degrees different from the direction it was taking.

Although textbooks insisted that we can't get propulsion effects from using the heat in our surroundings, Viktor said otherwise. In the interviews filmed in Austria, German journalist Gottfried Hilscher points out that "if a tornado was a machine then it would not work." Nature, however, does its creative work through implosion instead of explosion—movement directed inward, not outward. Viktor Schaubberger urged us to comprehend nature and then copy nature in our technologies.

He did copy nature, and the results included antigravity effects, a "suction turbine," spiral pipes and water vitalizing machines, a very unusual home power generator and agricultural tools that don't do harm to the skin of our earth.

The spiraling "bioplow" for example looks nothing like ordinary plows that farmers use. Schaubberger's plow turns soil inward centripetally, not outward. To design it he copied the ways of a tiny rodent, the mole, which moves through soil without resistance just like a shark with its particular skin can move through water with hardly any resistance. Schaubberger's backwards-turning plow turns the soil twice and thus leaves microorganisms in the soil where they belong. He used copper instead of iron to make tools such as a garden shovel. His understanding of earthy topics such as trace minerals, diamagnetism, magnetism and life-force in the soils will be urgently needed if local food

Continued on Page 58

• BY MICHAEL SALLA, Ph.D.

Newly confirmed Secretary of State, Hillary Clinton, has long had an interest in UFOs and the existence of extraterrestrial life. She was given an informal briefing in August 1995 by billionaire philanthropist, Laurence Rockefeller, on the best available UFO evidence.

An August 4, 1995, memo by President Clinton's Science Advisor, Dr Jack Gibbons, confirmed that the Clintons would be vacationing with Rockefeller at his Teton Ranch in Wyoming that summer, and they would discuss UFOs: "You will probably see Mr Rockefeller on your vacation in the Tetons. He will want to talk with you about his interest in extrasensory perception, paranormal phenomenon, and UFOs."

In the memo, Gibbons then attempted to dissuade the Clintons from pursuing Rockefeller's agenda to disclose national security files concerning UFOs: "He knows that we are trying to be helpful in responding to his concerns about UFOs and human potential ... but I've made no secret about my conviction that we must not be too diverted from more earthly imperatives."

Both Clintons were involved in numerous attempts to force the release of national security files concerning UFOs. According to Grant Cameron, founder of the Presidential UFO website, the "Clintons tried to get UFO documents released as part of President Clinton's 1995 Executive Order 12958." Executive Order 12958 was similar to President Obama's recent January 21 Presidential Memo on "Transparency and Open Government," where he instructed government agencies and departments to relax rules governing the release of national security files.

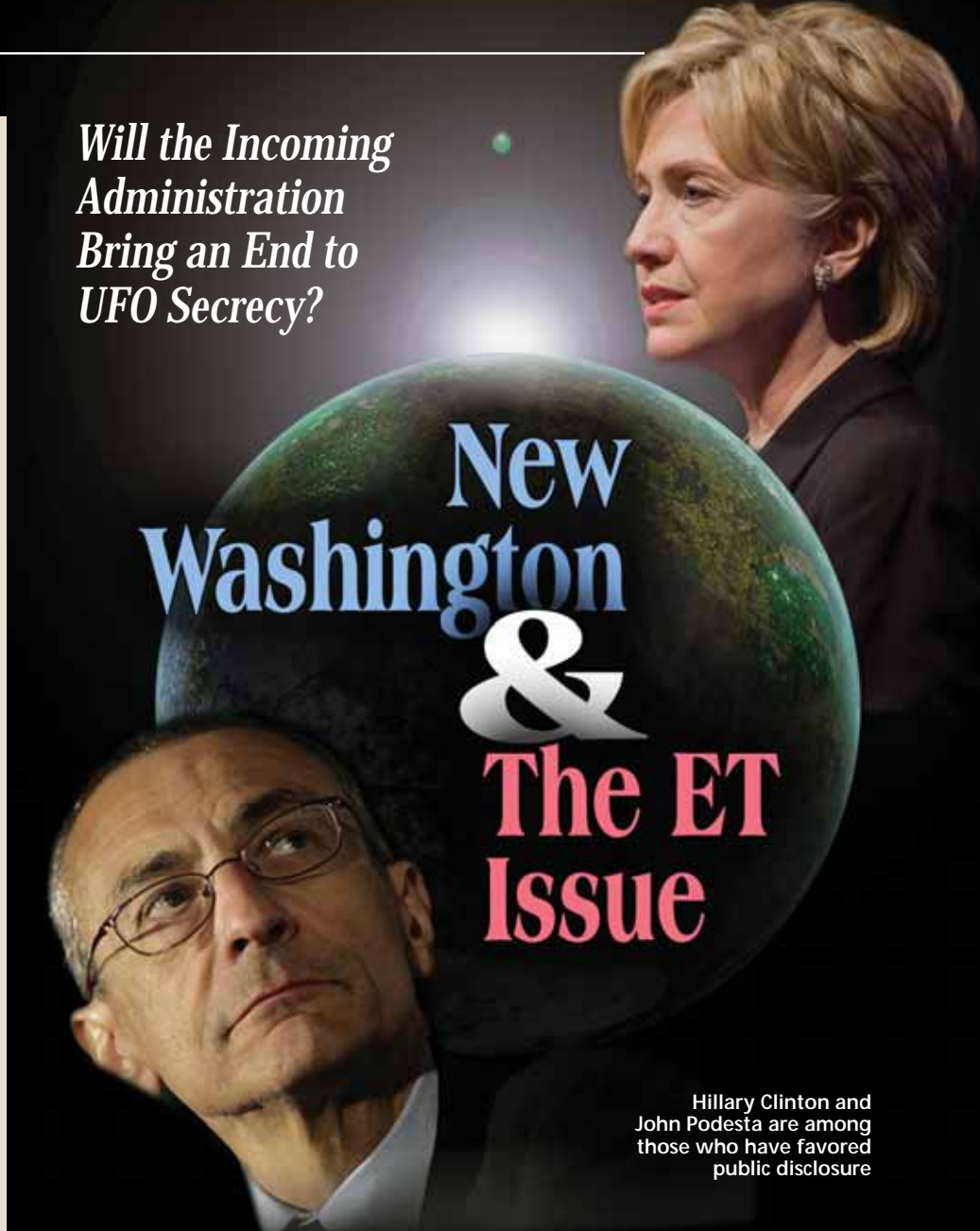
Cameron has made numerous FOIA requests on Clinton administration files and found "that there are literally thousands of pages of UFO files." He concluded that this is "clear evidence of an administration that was active but unsuccessful on the UFO front."

Hillary Clinton's subsequent public statements concerning UFOs and alien life show that she was greatly concerned with the negative stereotypes created by Hollywood concerning extraterrestrials. January 25, 1999, at the White House Fifth Millennium Evening, she said: "Most of the movies about the future show aliens descending from outer space determined to blow up the world, and somehow they always begin or end with Washington, D.C." Later that same year on June 17, in Paris, she explicitly questioned the rationale behind such movies: "... often in these movies, for reasons that I question, we have space aliens who are always blowing up Washington, D.C., and the White House."

Most revealing is a recent comment she made during the recent presidential campaign on December 17, 2007:

"Remember that movie *Independence Day*, where invaders were coming from

Will the Incoming Administration Bring an End to UFO Secrecy?



Hillary Clinton and John Podesta are among those who have favored public disclosure

outer space and the whole world was united against the invasion? Why can't we be united on behalf of our planet? And that's what I want to do."

Clinton's criticisms of Hollywood stereotypes of invading aliens alludes to her disapproval of secret national security policies concerning UFO evidence and 'future' relations with extraterrestrial life.

Clinton's public statements and sustained interest in UFOs suggest that, if given the opportunity, she intends to create a very different national security policy concerning extraterrestrial life. As Secretary of State, Clinton will stress 'galactic' diplomacy over 'future' military confrontation with extraterrestrial life. That may represent a departure from national security policies that have been secretly developed and implemented over six decades of the UFO phenomenon.

Also prominent in President Obama's inner circle is John Podesta. The co-chair to President Obama's transition team, Podesta

played a key role in selecting personnel for Presidential appointments. His influence was most clearly displayed in the Executive Orders and Presidential Memoranda on Obama's first full day of office on January 21 promoting Transparency and Open Government. Transparency and Open Government were signature issues for Podesta during his time in the Clinton administration when he pushed aggressively for Executive Order 12958.

EO 12958 prescribed "a uniform system for classifying, safeguarding, and declassifying national security information" that would reflect a greater "commitment to Open Government." EO 12958 was viewed as an essential tool in ensuring the release of many national security files that had been unnecessarily classified for decades. After the passage of EO 12958, Podesta served on the Commission on Protecting and Reducing Government Secrecy, chaired by Sen. Daniel

Continued on Page 59

• BY ROBERT M. SCHOCH, Ph.D.

Did Christianity spring onto the scene two millennia ago as a divine revelation that came directly from the one true God, as to this day some of its more fundamentalist adherents contend? Was there a real individual, a historical person, a genuine Jesus Christ—a preacher and, according to his followers, a theurgist and wonder-worker—who was crucified in Jerusalem? Was such a man the Messiah for whom many Jews longed?

I would venture to guess that most people who call themselves Christians today (there are estimated to be over two billion throughout the world, making it the single largest religion, although divided among thousands of sects), as well as many of other faiths, do not doubt that a historical Jesus walked on Earth. Of course many might doubt his reputed birth from a virgin, question his working of miracles (such as turning water into wine or raising the dead), and deny his resurrection after supposedly being dead for several days, but they still accept that there was a real Jesus. Indeed, there is a small industry that revolves around presumably identifying and tracking the historical Jesus. There are those who contend he survived being nailed to the cross. Another idea popular in some circles is that Jesus sired a bloodline by his wife (usually considered to be Mary Magdalene), which some claim can be traced historically through various Dark Age and Medieval lineages, such as through the Merovingian royal family in Europe (ruling in parts of modern France and Germany). Others would trace Jesus and his bloodline in the opposite geographic direction, such as to Kashmir, Tibet, or India. Still others attempt to identify Jesus and members of his immediate family based on the physical evidence of tombs and ossuaries (bone boxes) from first century Jerusalem. No matter which approach is taken, the point here is that it is assumed there is an historical man behind the myth of Christ.

On the other extreme are people like D. M. Murdock (also known as Acharya S., the pseudonym she used for her earlier works) who deny completely that there is any historical basis for the Jesus of Christianity. Murdock (in such books as: Acharya

Is Christianity Based on Historical Facts or Ancient Mystery Traditions?

S., 1999, *The Christ Conspiracy*. Adventures Unlimited Press, Kempton, Illinois. Acharya S., 2004, *Suns of God*. Adventures Unlimited Press, Kempton, Illinois. See also her website <http://truthbeknown.com> for other works by her), builds on the research of such scholars as Gerald Massey (1828-1907) and Egyptologist E. A. Wallis Budge (1857-1934) who point out the many similarities between the ancient Egyptian religion and Christianity (which is not to say these earlier scholars held Murdock's extreme views). Murdock argues that the Jesus of the gospels, ostensibly the founder and lynchpin of Christianity, never actually existed. He was a creation of those who "invented" the cult that was to become Christianity. Forget about arguing whether Jesus was the result of a god's (presumably the one true God) miraculously inseminating a virgin (though Mary was betrothed to Joseph at the time), or if he performed miracles and preached the truth, much less ponder the concept that he was killed and resurrected on the third day. This is all nonsense—or is it?

Ironically, it may seem to some, whether or not Jesus ever existed as a real person, the story of his life is rich in meaning and fits into a bigger and deeper picture than many professed Christians dare imagine. Whatever the reality or non-reality of a historical Jesus—total fabrication or obscure rabble-rouser and anti-Roman independence fighter upon whose personage many myths were grafted—

Christianity as such, interpreted in hindsight, arose in the broader context of the Roman Empire from a syncretism of near-Eastern beliefs, incorporating especially Hellenistic, Egyptian, and Judaic elements, during the period of the Flavian, adoptive, and Antonine emperors of the late first and second centuries of the Common Era

The Baptism of Jesus, Leonardo da Vinci

The Mythical Jesus

The Perilous Journey of Pioneering Astronomer Halton Arp

Halton
Arp

Taking Aim at the Big Bang

• BY AMY ACHESON

In the 1960s, astronomer Halton Arp discovered that galaxies are “born” and grow into family groups. In some cases, he could trace their genealogy through as many as four generations. This is the kind of discovery that every astronomer dreams of making. It promises to improve our understanding of the universe as much as Galileo’s discoveries improved our understanding of the solar system. Arp’s observations should have been celebrated and promoted. Instead, as with Galileo, his work has been rejected and ridiculed by the astronomical establishment.

In his review of Arp’s book, *Quasars, Redshifts and Controversies*, astronomer Geoffrey Burbidge described what happened to Arp after this discovery: “Arp’s ranking in the ‘Association of Astronomy Professionals’ plunged from within the first 20 to below 200. As he continued to claim that not all galaxy redshifts were due to the expansion of the universe, his ranking dropped further.

“[In the mid 1980s] came the final blow: his whole field of research was deemed unacceptable by the telescope-allocation committee in Pasadena. Both directors (of Mount

Wilson and Las Campanas, and Palomar observatories) endorsed the censure. Since Arp refused to work in a more conventional field, he was given no more telescope time. After abortive appeals all the way up to the trustees of the Carnegie Institution, he took early retirement and moved to West Germany.”

What makes this discovery so important? Why was Halton Arp willing to sacrifice a promising career in astronomy in defense of it?

First, the why: Arp is one of those pioneers whose motivation is discovering how the universe works. He wants to follow the trail of this mystery until it is solved. This is more important to him than his reputation as an astronomer. Is it worth the sacrifice? Arp’s wife, also an astronomer, put it this way: “If you are wrong, it doesn’t make any difference; if you are right, it is enormously important.”

Second, the what: Arp discovered a major flaw in one of the tools of modern cosmology. This tool, the redshift, is believed to be a Doppler shift—a measure of velocity and nothing else. Arp has proven that a large component of the redshift is intrinsic (a property of the galaxy or quasar itself), not

due to velocity. In order to understand why an intrinsic redshift is such a threat to mainstream astronomy, we need to review the currently accepted theories of cosmology.

A Chain of Cosmological Theories

From the viewpoint of modern cosmology, there was only one event. Twelve or fifteen billion years ago, the granddaddy of all black holes exploded, creating the universe. Everything that has happened since is fallout, aftershocks and shrapnel. The universe was given one initial burst of energy, and it has been winding down ever since. But the Big Bang isn’t something we can see through a telescope. The Big Bang is a theory.

In fact, the Big Bang is part of a chain of theories. Each theory is linked to the theory next in line. The Big Bang was invented to explain how the Expanding Universe started expanding. The Expanding Universe was invented to answer the question, “Why are the galaxies all moving away from each other?” The movement of galaxies is an outgrowth of the Doppler interpretation of redshift, which assumes redshift is due to movement of the light source away from the observer. Redshift

Continued on Page 66

• BY DAVID H. CHILDRESS

Did an Egyptian navy cross the Pacific or Atlantic and come to Arizona? Could they have left an Egyptian tomb in the Grand Canyon, something similar to those found in the Valley of Kings near Luxor, Egypt? Strangely, an article published on the front page of the *Phoenix Gazette* on April 5, 1909, claimed that just such an Egyptian rock-cut cave was found.

While many mummies have been discovered in Egypt, very few were in pyramids—and those that were have been dated from the later historical periods. The older pyramids dating from the early dynasties (or before!) show no signs of funerary use. Mummies in Egypt are most often found in rock-cut tombs in desert canyons, often featuring tunnels going deep underground with various rooms and passageways along the way. Multiple mummies are often found in one tomb, and the crypts of the wealthy and royalty were filled with precious items and everyday necessities to ease the dead person's continued existence in the afterlife.

According to the *Phoenix Gazette* story, a necropolis of mummies and artifacts similar to an Egyptian tomb was found in the Grand Canyon. An explorer named G. E. Kinkaid, it was reported, uncovered a series of catacombs complete with statues, swords, vessels, and mummies in 1908 (the exact date of the discovery is not given). As we shall see, Kinkaid may not have been the first explorer to have seen this "cave." The account of Kinkaid's adventure was reproduced as a chapter entitled "Citadel of the Grand Canyon" in Joseph Miller's 1962 book *Arizona Cavalcade*.

The *Phoenix Gazette* article starts with four headlines and then continues through a most amazing account. (See the quotes provided on the opposite page).

So what became of the artifacts described in the article? What became of Jordan? Did he return to the Smithsonian in Washington D.C. and disappear with all the records of his discovery? Has there been some archaeological cover-up reminiscent of the last scene in the movie *Raiders of the Lost Ark*, where the Ark of the Covenant is placed inside a crate in a giant warehouse never to be seen again?

It has also been suggested that while the discovery perhaps was real, the archaeologists working for the Smithsonian were not. These men may not have been working for the Smithsonian Institution out of Washington D.C. at all, but merely claiming to do so. Could this have been a cover-up for an illegal archaeological dig that was raiding the ancient site and claiming legitimacy from a very distant institution. It would have been very difficult indeed, in 1909, to check on the credentials of the archaeologists.

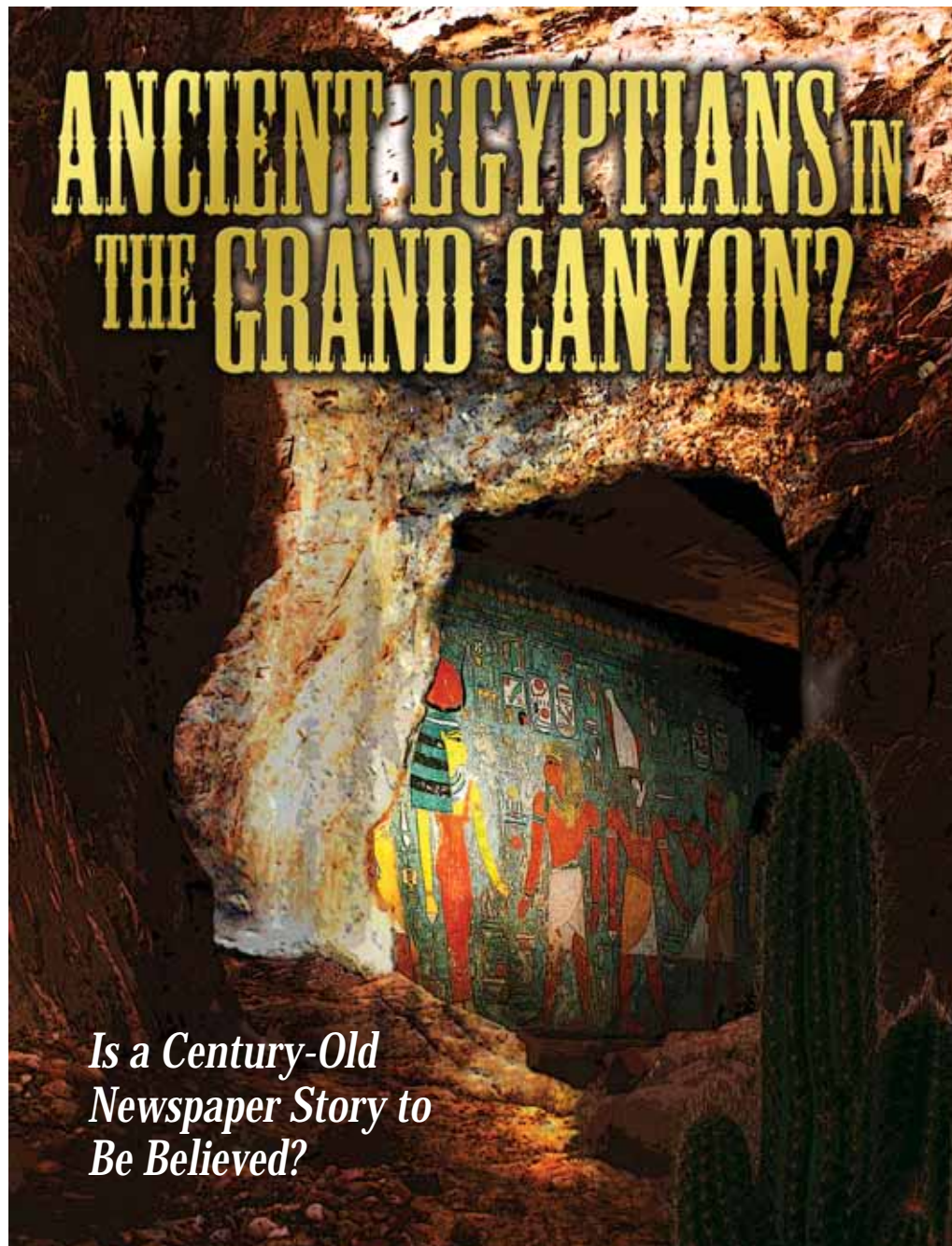
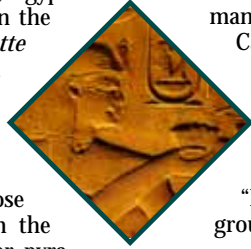
The Secret Catacombs of Mummies on the Little Colorado

In the small town museum of Springer-ville, Colorado, I came across several intriguing newspaper clippings, including one of particular interest from the *Los Angeles Times-Washington Post* news service. It describes how the archaeologist John Hohmann, now closely associated with the Casa Malpais site, had rappelled down a rope into a fissure of basalt in July of 1990 and had discovered an intricate series of passages and rooms that had been modified by the mysterious "Mogollon culture" into underground tombs for the internment of

the dead. The remains of these people were apparently mummified, possibly naturally by the dry climate.

This curious discovery made national news in the early 1990s, but otherwise has been largely forgotten. The catacombs inside the Casa Malpais are described as a burial ground for hundreds of skeletons. However, nowhere in the article does it say that the dead are "mummies." But were they? Normal mummification includes the removal of internal organs and the preservation of the skin and hair. Though we are given few details about these human remains, it would seem that they are mummies, rather than bare-bones skeletons.

It would not be unusual if the Casa



ANCIENT EGYPTIANS IN THE GRAND CANYON?

Is a Century-Old Newspaper Story to Be Believed?

Malpais remains were mummies. Rather, it would be unusual if they weren't. Mummified remains have been found at Mesa Verde in Colorado, at Hovenweep in Utah, and at locations in Arizona, including, apparently, Springerville.

Seth Tanner and the Secret Hopi Cave

In the 1966 film *Mackenna's Gold*, Omar Sharif plays the villain, a bandit named, in fact, Colorado. Early in the movie, Colorado has captured Sheriff Mackenna (Gregory Peck), who has seen a map of the route to the secret canyon. With his hands tied, Mackenna and the bandit gang cross a precarious rope-bridge over a narrow, but very deep, canyon. The group makes its way across the rickety bridge and ends up on the north side of what I believe to be the Little Colorado River Gorge. Today this area is a largely off-limits and roadless part of the Kaibab National Forest, and part of it lies in the Navaho Reservation.

It is somewhere beyond this crossing that Mackenna and Colorado find a secret canyon with a rich vein of gold along one of its walls and ruins high up on a cliff which must have been part of an ancient mining operation. It is an exciting and imaginative western that claims to be based on fact—but is it? Perhaps the facts in this case are even more bizarre than the fictional movie itself.

One of the most important books (in fact, one of the *only* books) on the Grand Canyon and secret mines and tunnels is *Quest for the Pillar of Gold*. This compilation of scholarly papers on ancient mines, mineral wealth, and modern-historical mining ventures in the Grand Canyon gives us the tantalizing reality behind all the fantastic stories. One would think that a geological wonderland such as the Grand Canyon would offer a wealth of minerals, including gold. There is definitely an ancient salt mine and other sites that are sacred to the Hopi. And tales of gold, such as in the John Lee gold mine, circulated around the Grand Canyon. Was one of the ancient mines in the Grand Canyon an Egyptian gold mine?

One celebrated gold prospector who apparently discovered a secret cave in the Grand Canyon or Little Colorado Canyon was Seth Tanner who was then captured by Hopi warriors. Tanner (1828-1918) was a Mormon miner and trader who had gone west with Brigham Young in 1847 when the Mormons settled Salt Lake City. From Salt Lake City he was sent out to set up a small Mormon colony in San Bernardino, California, and it was rumored that he and his brother Myron had some luck in the California gold fields. Tanner also spent some time in San Diego, investing in a coal business that reportedly did not do too well. He returned to Utah and was married; later, he

Continued on Page 69

The Phoenix Gazette

front page
April 5, 1909

EXPLORATIONS
IN GRAND
CANYON

Mysteries of Immense Rich
Cavern Being Brought
to Light.

JORDAN IS ENTHUSED

Remarkable Finds Indicate
Ancient People Migrated
From Orient.

The latest news of the progress of the explorations of what is now regarded by scientists as the most important discovery since the discovery of the Grand Canyon, which was first made by G. K. Kinkaid, is that the entrance to the cavern is located 1,486 feet down the sheer canyon wall. It is located on government land and no visitor will be allowed there under penalty of trespass.

The passages are chiseled or hewn as straight as could be laid out by an engineer. The ceilings of many of the rooms converge to a center.

Over a hundred feet from the entrance is the cross-hall, several hundred feet long, in which are found the idol, or image, of the people's god, sitting cross-legged, with a lotus flower or lily in each hand.

Among the other finds are vases or urns and cups of copper and gold, made very artistic in design. The pottery work includes enameled ware and glazed vessels. Another passageway leads to granaries such as are found in the oriental temples.

The tomb or crypt in which the mummies were found is one of the largest of the chambers, the walls slanting back at an angle of about 35 degrees. On these are tiers of mummies, each one occupying a separate hewn shelf.

...it is notable that among the Hopi Indians the tradition is told that their ancestors once lived in an underworld in the Grand Canyon till dissension arose between the good and the bad, the people of one heart and the people of two hearts.

For the full text of the original article, visit:
<http://www.spiritofmaat.com/archive/nov2/gazette.htm>

Giza Under Ground

Yes, There Is a Cavity There, but Is It the Hall of Records?

Art by Tom Miller

• BY PHILIP COPPENS

A new sandstorm is brewing on the outskirts of the Egyptian desert: recently released ground scans reveal that a team of Egyptian scientists has identified potential locations of tunnels and caves—on par with the controversial Hall of Records—in the immediate vicinity of the pyramids and the Sphinx.

The pyramids of Giza are built on a limestone plateau, which means that it has the consistency of a cheese with lots of holes. Indeed, one cave on the plateau was actually incorporated into the internal layout of the pyramid—and may help explain why the Great Pyramid, the only pyramid which has an elaborate structure within the pyramid itself, has this unique internal structure. It is therefore to be expected that elsewhere on the plateau similar cavities, if not long tunnels, exist. This makes for intriguing possibilities, as some of these tunnels may have been used by the ancient Egyptians—or that other tunnels or caves may have been expanded, or new “halls”—such as the fabled Hall of Records—constructed.

At almost regular intervals, the temperature as to what might lie below the Giza pla-

teau rises. Some years ago, Andrew Collins in *The Gods of Eden* argued that an entire layout of the Duat was potentially lying in wait for discovery underneath the plateau. It came at a time when others were speaking about the fabled Hall of Records, which, according to some traditions, would hold important relics of a bygone age, often said to predate Egypt itself (read: Atlantis).

More recently, not so much pyramid fever, but cavity fever, has risen again. Cavity fever has risen, if only because the groundwater in the area is rising too, and this might endanger the monuments. In some areas, flooding has already begun, caused by farming, urbanization, and residential housing near temples. Reda Mohamed el-Damak, director of the Center of Studies and Designs for Water Projects at Cairo University's Faculty of Engineering, states that groundwater is posing the most serious threat to the Sphinx, carved from the bedrock of the Giza Plateau, and situated at lower altitude than the pyramids, which sit on the plateau, themselves. The latest measurement readings from the site show that groundwater is present at a depth of only four meters under the Sphinx. This means, of course, that any tunnel that goes deeper than

Hawass Plans to Drill Beneath the Sphinx

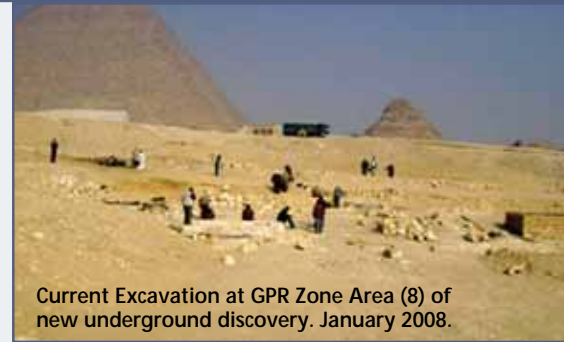
Zahi Hawass has said that he plans to drill soon under the Great Sphinx. The report of his intention was published in the February/March edition of *Ancient Mysteries*, the newsletter of the Virginia Beach-based Edgar Cayce organization, the Association for Research and Enlightenment (A.R.E.).

Hawass, Secretary General of the Egyptian Supreme Council of Antiquities, after recently speaking for an hour to an A.R.E. group, said that Joe Jahoda, a longtime A.R.E. member, had convinced him to drill under the Sphinx for a chamber. In 1997, Jahoda and his partner, Joe Schor, in cooperation with Florida State University, had conducted ground-penetrating radar surveys around the Sphinx and found an open area in the bedrock beneath the Sphinx. This opening, possibly a chamber, is 30 feet down and is estimated to be 26 feet wide and 40 feet in length. The Cayce readings named such a chamber as an ante-chamber to the Hall of Records, and it was said to be off the right front paw of the Sphinx.

The newsletter reported that Jahoda asked if A.R.E. would purchase the special equipment necessary to drill at an angle into the limestone bedrock. Kevin Todeschi, CEO of A.R.E., approved and A.R.E. patron Don Dickinson, agreed to help with the purchase. Thus, the drill was obtained, crated, and shipped to Egypt.

Hawass told A.R.E. representatives that soon after the drill arrives, he'll get his team together and begin the drilling. As author Philip Coppens has reported, though, Hawass may have more to go on than the Jahoda/Schor investigation. See the accompanying story. ■

Zahi Hawass and the Sphinx



Current Excavation at GPR Zone Area (8) of new underground discovery. January 2008.

four meters around the area of the Sphinx, is now under water. Anything inside, unless watertight, will therefore already be destroyed, if only because the water that is causing the problem is waste water. This does not bode well for people searching for a Hall of Records underneath this enigmatic monument.

Most of the scientific research that is carried out today is for preservation. Little exploratory archaeology is occurring. Furthermore, in bygone days, dynamite was the preferred archaeological tool; today, only non-destructive methods are allowed. As such, trying to find out what lies beneath

Continued on Page 71

Atlantis Rising PDFs on CD!



COLLECT ALL SEVEN—each with a whole year (6 issues) of *Atlantis Rising* on CD in PDF format. View and print the magazine (just the way it appears in print). Plus, these PDFs have been OPTIMIZED with interactive features for quick-and-easy navigation in and around the magazine, including:

- BOOKMARKS take you directly to articles or sections you are interested in.
- Click on any article in the CONTENTS to go directly to it.
- Featured ADS (with RED BORDERS) have links that take you directly to their website.
- Many stories posted in the iNEWS section are linked directly to their Internet source.
- Click on the CATALOG footer to go to our catalog section.
- Click on the bar at the bottom of the catalog to get to the interactive ORDER FORM.

ONLY \$19.95 EACH
with **BONUSES—**
ISSUE #1 and
POSTER-QUALITY
files of **TOM MILLER'S**
AWESOME COVER
PAINTINGS!



2004

Includes PDF of Issue #1

Our First Issue!

Sold out for 5 years...Worth \$70!



2002



2003



2005



2006



2007



2008

Exclusive Tom Miller Cover Art • Poster Size • Ready for Printing & Framing



PC & Mac Compatible

Just **\$19.95** each +S&H
SPECIAL PACKAGE PRICE
All 7: \$119.95 +S&H

Send check or money order:
ATLANTIS RISING
P.O. Box 441
Livingston, MT 59047
Call 800-228-8381
Shipping & handling: \$5.95 first item
\$2.95 each additional item
(Set of 7 = 1 item)

Order online at AtlantisRising.com